SAULT COLLEGE OF APPLIED ARTS AND TECHNOLOGY

SAULT STE. MARIE, ONTARIO



COURSE OUTLINE

COURSE TITLE: Business Law I

CODE NO.: BUS 102 **SEMESTER**: Two

PROGRAM: Accounting/Business & General Education

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APPROVED:

DEAN DATE

TOTAL CREDITS: Three

PREREQUISITE(S): N/A

LENGTH OF

COURSE: 16 Weeks TOTAL CREDIT 48

HOURS:

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I. COURSE DESCRIPTION:

The law and the administration of the law are extremely important if society is to live and progress in an orderly manner. It is also important to keep up to date with the law as it is dynamic to meet social and business changes. This course will cover historical and contemporary issues of the law with a focus on the law of torts and the law of contracts.

II. LEARNING OUTCOMES AND ELEMENTS OF PERFORMANCE:

Upon successful completion of this course, the student will demonstrate the ability to:

1. Explain what is "law" and its role, its complexities, background, philosophies, and development as they pertain to our legal system today and the role of courts in our society.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- What is the significance of the law to the business environment?
- How do we distinguish between the "laws of nature" and "laws of human conduct"?
- What is the relationship between the law and business ethics?
- How do courts decide whether the legislation is valid under the Constitution?
- How courts determine what the effect of that legislation is?
- How do courts interpret the Charter of Rights and Freedoms to protect our civil liberties?
- In settling disputes how do the courts interpret legislation originating both from Parliament and from provincial legislatures?
- How do courts act as arbiters of disputes between private parties?
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 2. Discuss the machinery of justice in terms of a broad classification of law, the sources of law and the Canadian court system and the underlying process of the legal system.

- Discuss the differences between substantive and procedural law, Public and private law, and civil and common law.
- Explain the theory of precedent, and how we meet the need for certainty as well as for flexibility and change in the law.

- Describe briefly how the systems of courts are organized in Canada.
- Discuss the procedures for using the courts and making outof-court settlements.
- Outline alternative methods of resolving disputes.
- Discuss legal aid systems.
- Explain how the legal profession is organized and governed.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 3. Discuss what tort law is, its nature and purpose, and when wrongs are torts and when compensation may be recovered by those who have suffered harm from the wrong doings of others.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Discuss the nature and purpose of tort law.
- Explain the basis for tort liability.
- Explain the tort of negligence and what is required by way of proof.
- Discuss how the law of negligence applies to particular situations, such as the liability of manufacturers.
- Outline occupier's liability.
- Discuss several torts other than negligence.
- Explain the remedies provided under tort law.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 4. Discuss the role of professionals and the scope of the duty that they owe and the liability they have for the services they provide and the work they do.

- Explain the special duties owed by professionals to their clients and others.
- Discuss how the duties differ when they derive from contract, fiduciary relationships and tort.
- Examine the appropriate standard of care expected from professionals.
- Explain the application of causation.
- What is the role of professional organizations?
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter

5. Describe the formation of a contract as it relates to an offer and acceptance, two of the requirements for entering into a valid business contract.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Provide an explanation of what a contract is.
- Why is a contract enforceable in law?
- Discuss the essential elements of an offer.
- Describe how an offer may be communicated.
- Discuss standard form contracts their benefits & dangers.
- Discuss the ways in which an offer may be terminated.
- Explain the methods in which an offer may be accepted.
- Distinguish between bilateral and unilateral contracts.
- What are the consequences of a failed attempt to form a contract?
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 6. Discuss the formation of contacts as it relates to the elements of consideration and the intention to create legal relations.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Explain the legal meaning of the term "consideration".
- Outline the difference between valuable consideration and adequate consideration.
- Discuss a gratuitous promise and its significance in forming a contract.
- Explain injurious reliance.
- Discuss other means by which a promise made may become legally binding.
- Discuss what is meant by the phrase "intention to create legal relations."
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 7. Explain the formation of a contract as it pertains to who can and who cannot contract in various circumstances and the legality of the object of the contract.

- Explain who generally has the right to contract.
- Discuss a minor's capacity to contract.
- Discuss others with limited capacity to contract.

- Explain "necessaries" for a minor and how are they determined.
- Discuss a minor's obligations upon attaining the age of majority.
- Outline what contracts are illegal and why.
- Explain the difference between a contract that is void and a contract that is illegal.
- Discuss agreements in restraint of trade and how such contracts would be viewed by a court.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 8. Discuss the problems of applying existing laws to e-commerce and the entirely new legal issues arising from this rapidly growing sector of the economy.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Explain e-commerce.
- Discuss how contracts are made on the Internet.
- Outline the laws that govern contracts made on the internet.
- Discuss which courts have jurisdiction in Internet disputes.
- Explain how consumers involved in e-transactions may be protected.
- Discuss how trademarks and copy write laws apply to the Internet.
- Outline what other legal problems are raised by e-commerce.
- Discuss how can, or should, e-commerce be regulated by the government.
- Discuss to what extent international co-operation is necessary in order to devise an effective legal framework for ecommerce.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter
- 9. Discuss misrepresentation, undue influence, and duress as reasons for impeaching a contract.

- Discuss why it is important to determine whether a misrepresentation is material.
- Explain the difference between "opinion" and "fact".
- What are the implications of signing a document purporting to contain all the terms of a contract when one party claims that

- one or more important terms have been unintentionally omitted?
- Discuss when the requirement of utmost good faith should be applied.
- Explain undue influence and duress.
- What remedy is available to the innocent party when the other party is found to have exerted undue influence or duress?
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter

10. Discuss the various forms a contract may take, and in particular discuss whether the form a contract takes really matters in view of the Statute of Frauds.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Discuss the types of contracts which must be in writing to be enforceable.
- Describe the requirements that a written contract must meet to satisfy the Statute of Frauds.
- Explain the doctrine of past performance.
- Discuss the Sale of Goods Act and how it differs from the statute of Frauds.
- Discuss consumer protection legislation.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter

11. Describe the methods used by the courts to interpret the terms of a contract.

Potential Elements of Performance:

- Discuss the two main approaches to interpreting terms in a contract.
- Describe how courts choose between conflicting testimonies of the parties.
- Explain the parol evidence rule and how it works.
- Discuss implied terms and how they are recognized.
- Provide compete explanations for the legal terms in the Chapter

Marks for the above outcomes will be distributed approximately equally.

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III. TOPICS:

- 1. Law and Society
- 2. The Machinery of Justice
- 3. The Law of Torts
- 4. Professional Liability
- 5. Formation of a Contract: Offer and Acceptance
- 6. Formation of a Contract: Consideration and Intention to Create Legal Relations
- 7. Formation of a Contract: Capacity to Contract and Legality of Object
- 8. E-commerce
- 9 Grounds upon Which a Contract may be Impeached: Misrepresentation, Undue Influence, and Duress
- 10. The Requirement of Writing
- 11. The Interpretation of Contracts

IV. REQUIRED RESOURCES/TEXTS/MATERIALS:

Principal Text: Smyth, J. E., Soberman, D. A., Easson, A. J., <u>The Law and Business Administration in Canada, 10th Edition;</u> Prentice-Hall Canada, Inc. 2004

Support Material: 1. Periodicals and other appropriate material.

V. Evaluation Process/Grading System

Students will be evaluated on the following basis:

•	Quizzes &/or assignments	20%
•	First Test	25%
•	Second Test	25%
•	Final Test (semester work)	30%
	TOTAL	100%

TESTS

The majority of marks on all tests will be based primarily of essay questions. Multiple choice (or other objective type questions) may be used to complement and extend the test areas. Dates of tests will be announced approximately one week in advance. **Students are required** to write all tests and quizzes as scheduled.

THERE WILL BE NO RE-WRITES OF INDIVIDUAL TESTS!!!! Students must meet the following requirements to complete this course successfully:

- **1.** Must complete, in a fashion acceptable to the professor, all projects and assignments, where required.
- 2. Must write the two tests and the final exam. If a student misses a test, or the final exam, and has not made appropriate arrangements as outlined below, he/she will receive a mark of zero for that test/exam.
- **3.** Must have an overall mark of 50%. This mark includes all work in the semester.

Students, who are not successful in achieving the minimum mark of 50% and/or do not complete the required assignments in an acceptable fashion, as they are due, will repeat the course.

FINAL GRADES WILL BE ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR'S OFFICE

The following semester grades will be assigned to students in postsecondary courses:

		Grade Point
<u>Grade</u>	<u>Definition</u>	<u>Equivalent</u>
A+	90 - 100%	4.00
Α	80 - 89%	4.00
В	70 – 79%	3.00
С	60 – 69%	2.00
D	59 – 59%	
F (Fail)	49% or below	0.00
CR (Credit)	Credit for diploma requirements has been	
	awarded.	
S	Satisfactory achievement in field	

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U Unsatisfactory achievement in field placement or non-graded subject areas.

X A temporary grade. This is used in limited situations with extenuating circumstances giving a student time to complete the requirements for a course NR Grade not reported to Registrar's office.

W Student has withdrawn from the course without academic penalty.

VI. SPECIAL NOTES:

Special Needs:

If you are a student with special needs (e.g. physical limitations, visual impairments, hearing impairments, or learning disabilities), you are encouraged to discuss required accommodations with your the Special Needs office. Visit Room E1101 or call Extension 493 so that support services can be arranged for you.

Retention of course outlines:

It is the responsibility of the student to retain all course outlines for possible future use in acquiring advanced standing at other postsecondary institutions.

Plagiarism:

Students should refer to the definition of "academic dishonesty" in *Student Rights and Responsibilities*. Students who engage in "academic dishonesty" or the attempt to engage in "academic dishonesty will receive an automatic failure for that submission and/or such other penalty, up to and including expulsion from the course/program, as may be decided by the professor/dean. In order to protect students from inadvertent plagiarism, to protect the copyright of the material referenced, and to credit the author of the material, it is the policy of the department to employ a documentation format for referencing source material.

Course outline amendments:

The Professor reserves the right to change the information contained in this course outline depending on the needs of the learner and the availability of resources.

Substitute course information is available in the Registrar's office.

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SPECIAL NOTE:

The law and its administration involve some very complex issues. These issues are subject to a variety of interpretations, and applications, and depend on various factors that may be unique to each situation.

Students are cautioned about taking the course material and applying it directly to issues which they may face. Individuals tend to see only one side of the issue in which they are involved. The course is intended to make students generally aware of the law, its administration and legal rights and responsibilities of individuals. It is not intended to be, or serve as, a remedy for specific legal problems.

If specific issues are raised in class, they may be raised for discussion purposes only. Such discussions will make the course material more relevant and interesting but students should not use such discussion as a solution for their specific problems. Students are directed to seek appropriate professional assistance to remedy their specific or general legal concerns and problems.

Missed Tests/Exam:

If a student is not able to write a test/exam as scheduled, for medical reasons or some other emergency, that student is asked to contact the professor, when possible, **prior** to the test/exam and provide an explanation which is acceptable to the professor. (Medical certificates or other appropriate proof **may be** required.) Following the student's return to the college, he/she must request, in writing, to write a makeup for the missed test/exam. This request will be in proper letter form (typed), hard copy, and (no e-mail) and must outline the reasons for requesting special consideration. Making such a request does not guarantee that the student will receive permission to make up for the missed test/exam. Such requests must be made within one week of the student's return to the college.

The professor will consider the request, and if permission is granted, the test/exam will be given at the end of the semester, or at some other time at the professor's convenience. This will allow time for the student to prepare for the test without missing important work and to provide time for the professor to prepare a new test.

In considering the request, the professor will take a number of factors into consideration. These will include, but not limited to, the student's attendance and participation in class, completion of other tests, quizzes, and assignments as scheduled and the professor's judgment as to the student's potential success.

In all other cases, the student will receive a mark of zero for that test.

THERE WILL BE NO SUPPLEMENTARY TESTS!!

Attendance:

Students are expected to attend all scheduled classes. Attendance will be taken for each class on a sign in basis starting shortly after the semester begins. Students must sign only themselves in!! Signing for another student, whether the other student is present or not, will be tantamount to academic dishonesty. Students are advised to read the Students' Rights and Responsibilities for the consequences of academic dishonesty. While students are expected to attend all classes, it is understood that circumstances beyond their control may prevent them from doing so. Students who find themselves in this category should treat the classes as a job and take action accordingly.

In all cases, attendance of less than 80% of the scheduled classes is not acceptable.

The professor will use attendance in considering student requests for special consideration in writing missed tests, submitting late assignments, etc.

Submitting Assigned Work:

All assignments, projects, questions, etc. must be submitted to the professor at the beginning of class on the due date. Once the class starts, any assignment, etc. which has not been submitted will be considered late. If no class is scheduled on the due date, students are required to deliver the assignments, etc. to the professor's office, by the deadline time.

Assignments, etc. may be submitted in advance; normally assignments, etc. will not be accepted after the stated deadline. If a student wishes consideration for a late submission, he/she must make this request in a formal typed letter, (hard copy) providing an explanation. If the assignment is accepted late, a penalty will be assessed. Assignments, etc. will not be accepted late once those which have been submitted on time have been graded and returned to students.

It is the student's responsibility to ensure that the professor gets his/her completed assignment, etc. . Do not place the assignment in the professor's mailbox. In such cases the assignment will not be considered submitted until the professor picks up his mail.

Return of Students' Work:

Tests, quizzes, assignments, etc. will be returned to students during <u>one of the normal class times.</u> Any student not present at that time must pick up his/her test, etc. at the professor's office within three weeks of that class. Tests, etc. not picked up within the three weeks will be discarded. End of semester tests, etc. will be held for three weeks following the end of the semester. If they have not been picked up within that three-week period, they will be discarded.

Tests, etc. will be returned only to the students to whom they belong. In limited circumstances tests, etc. may be given to another student, if the student to whom they belong provides written instructions in a formal, typed letter (hard copy) to the professor requesting that the test, etc. be given to a particular individual.

Assistance is Always Available:

IT WILL BE TO THE STUDENTS' ADVANTAGE TO HAVE QUESTIONS, CONCERNS, OR PROBLEMS RELATED TO THIS COURSE RESOLVED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. IF YOU REQUIRE ASSISTANCE, HAVE PROBLEMS OR CONCERNS, SEE YOUR PROFESSOR. HE WILL BE MORE THAN HAPPY TO HELP!!

Students are urged to ask questions and to participate in, and contribute to, the class discussion. Students are also encouraged to read newspapers, magazines, etc. and to tune in to radio and television newscasts for legal and business news. This will make the subject more understandable, interesting, and practical. It will provide students the opportunity to better apply the theory and to enhance his/her opportunity for success in this course.

PLEASE KEEP IN MIND THAT STUDENTS WILL ONLY GET OUT OF THIS COURSE WHAT THEY PUT INTO IT.

Classroom Decorum:

Students will respect the diversity and the dignity of those in the classroom. Students will respect the professor's right and duty to teach and students' right to learn without interference. Students who cause any interference with the objectives of the class, or conduct themselves inappropriately will be to leave the classroom. The Student will not be permitted to return until he/she commits in writing, typed, (a formal letter) that he/she will conduct him/herself appropriately in the classroom. This letter will be dated, signed and addressed to the professor.

If a student is asked to leave the classroom a second time, he/she must make an appointment with the Dean. At that time a copy of the above letter will be submitted to the Dean. The Dean and/or the Professor will decide if the student will be permitted to return to class and what conditions will apply.

In the event that a student is asked to leave the classroom a third time, he/she will not be permitted back to the classroom for the rest of the semester. The Dean will also decide if any other action needs to be taken.

Students attending this class do so to study Business Law. Therefore, no other activity will be permitted. Student's who wish to engage in other activities will be asked to leave the classroom, as described above.

Other inappropriate behaviour includes, but not limited to, sleeping in class, or appearing to be sleeping in class, putting feet (foot) on the furniture, writing on the furniture, talking or otherwise communicating in private conversations, having a CD player, cell phone on during class etc.

Drinks such as coffee, tea, water, pop, and juices will be permitted in the classroom but not in labs. If a student spills a drink he/she must clean up the mess. This must be accomplished without disturbing the class.

No food (of any type) is permitted in the classroom. This includes during the class, before the class, and during breaks.

Do not leave garbage or other materials behind when you leave the classroom. If the material is garbage, place it in the garbage container as you exit the room. If the container is full, place the item neatly next to the container.

Only those people who are properly registered in this course, or those invited by the professor are permitted in the classroom.

It is the professor's intention to maintain proper classroom decorum at all times in order to provide the best possible learning and teaching environment.

VII. PRIOR LEARNING ASSESSMENT:

Students who wish to apply for advanced credit in the course should consult the professor. Credit for prior learning will be given upon successful completion of a challenge exam or portfolio.

VIII. DIRECT CREDIT TRANSFERS:

Students who wish to apply for direct credit transfer (advanced standing) should obtain a direct credit transfer form from the Dean's secretary. Students will be required to provide a transcript and course outline related to the course in question.

IX. GENERAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS

This course meets the general education requirements as set out by the Ministry.